

CHRIST IS OUR PASSOVER – Part 5
On the Night the Passover Lamb was Betrayed
4/3/24

- Tonight – Opportunity to give a Bible study
- Comment – Recently, I began a 7-part series to end shortly before we commemorate the suffering and death of our Savior on Sunday, April 21
- Title – Christ Is Our Passover – Part 5
- Subtitle – “On the Night the Passover Lamb was Betrayed”

- Keynote scripture for the series = 1 Corinthians 5:7

1 Cor. 5:7 “For indeed Christ, our Passover, was sacrificed for us”

1. Deliverance From Slavery
 2. The Exodus Passover was a Domestic Event
 3. The Passover Became a Sanctuary Event
 4. The Temple and the Lamb
 5. On the Night the Passover Lamb was Betrayed
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- A brief reminder – The Lamb of God was killed at 3:00 p.m.

Matt. 27:46 9th hour – (3:00 p.m.) – He died
1 Cor. 11:23 “on the same night in which He was betrayed”

- A few days earlier

John 11:55 the Passover of the Jews was near – many went from the country up to
 Jerusalem before the Passover – to purify themselves
56 they spoke in the temple – “do you think He will come to the Feast?”
57 the chief priests and the Pharisees – if anyone knew where He was, he
 should report it, so they might seize Him
John 12:1 6 days before the Passover – Jesus came to Bethany
Matt. 26:2 the Son of God said – “you know that after two days is the Passover, and
 the Son of Man will be delivered up to be crucified”
3-4 chief priests, scribes and elders assembled – plotted to kill Him
5 they said: “not during the feast, lest there be an uproar among the people”
6-11 example of a woman – to be told as a “memorial to her”
Mark 14:1-2 after two days, it was the Passover and the Feast of Unleavened Bread –

		“not during the feast, lest there be an uproar of the people”
3-9		example of a woman – to be told as a “memorial to her”
Luke 22:1		now the Feast of Unleavened Bread drew near, which is called Passover
2		chief priests and scribes – sought to kill Him

(Luke's account – does not mention the memorial to a woman)

John 12:2-8	the memorial of the woman's behavior – identified as Mary
20-22	certain Greeks came up to worship at the feast
23-36	it was time for the Son of God to be glorified
36	He departed and was hidden from them
42-43	were afraid to be put out of the synagogue
44-50	judgment based upon understanding
Luke 22:7	then came Day of Unleavened Bread – (when the Passover must be killed)
8-22	go and prepare the Passover for us that we may eat

The Symbols

John 13:1	before the Feast of the Passover
2-5	supper being ended – laid aside His garments – began to wash their feet
6-11	discussion with Peter
12-17	He established an example
Luke 22:19	took bread – gave thanks & broke it
20	took cup of the vine – likewise – gave thanks
21-22	“My betrayer is with Me [at] the table”
23	began to question among themselves – who would betray Him?
24	dispute among them – which of them should be considered the greatest?
25	He reminded that people – exercise lordship over – exercise authority over
26	the Son of God – “but not so among you” – be as one who serves
John 13:18-30 Judas	
31-35	after Judas left – comments to His disciples
36-38	discussion with Peter
John 14-16	the Son of God spoke to them
John 17	the Son of God prayed to the Father

The apostle Paul described it concisely

1 Cor. 11:23	on the same night in which He was betrayed
23-24	He took bread – broke it – gave thanks – this is My body which is broken for you – do this in remembrance of Me
25	He took the cup (fruit of the vine) after supper – this cup is the new covenant in My blood – do this in remembrance of Me
26	as often as you eat this bread and drink this cup – you proclaim the Lord’s death until He comes

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