THE NIGHT IN WHICH HE WAS BETRAYED

3/30/19

*6-Part Series About the Spring Feast Days

- * On 3/23 -- Part 1 -- Overview of Passover in Book of Exodus
- * Today -- Part 2 -- The Night in Which He Was Betrayed

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- * For many decades, Church of God brethren have observed New Testament symbols (foot-washing, broken bread and a dose of wine) in their homes or at a service picturing "the night in which Christ was betrayed"
- * Most of the people in my circle of friends call the event "the Passover" and a few of the people in my circle of friends refer to the event as "the Lord's Supper" -- (I prefer to call it "the last supper" -- because it actually was His last supper)
- * Both names are found in the Bible

Luke 22:7-13 Passover 1 Cor. 11:20-26 Lord's supper

- * Some religious people say the Apostle Paul was instructing the Corinthian brethren to avoid calling the event by the name "Lord's Supper"
- * I believe that Paul was actually criticizing the poor behavior of the people -- and not criticizing the name
- * In like manner, I believe that God criticized the behavior of His people at assemblies in the Old Testament--without criticizing the name of those assemblies (Isaiah 1: 12-15)

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- *There are two schools of thought among my circle of friends about the timing of Passover -- Here they are in a nutshell
 - * Some say that the "night in which He was betrayed" was the same as the Old Testament Passover
 - * Others say that when Christ died (at 3:00 p.m. on the next day) began the timing of the Old Testament Passover -- This belief is based upon the fact that Christ was the Passover Lamb (1 Corinthians 5:7) and could not eat a meal at the time that

Scriptures about "last supper"

John 13:1-13 a meal 1 Cor. 11:20-26a meal

Someone could ask: Would it be wrong to have a meal on the night picturing when Jesus was betrayed? -- Certainly not, as long as the behavior did not imitate the mistake of the Corinthians

Someone could ask: Is a meal required on the night picturing when Christ was betrayed? -- No

Traditional meal

- It is interesting that many people among the Church of God have a traditional meal, but not on the day picturing when Jesus was betrayed -- This traditional meal occurs on the next day (on the day picturing when Christ died)
- This traditional meal is not instructed in the Scripture
- This traditional meal is not found in Leviticus 23 -- unless people view this meal as the Old Testament Passover
- The name for this traditional meal comes from Exodus 12:42
- King James -- "A night to be much observed unto the Lord" New American Standard -- "A night to be observed for the Lord"
- Revised Standard -- "A night of watching by the Lord"
- Moffatt -- "A night when the Eternal was on the watch"
- New King James -- "A night of solemn observance to the Lord"
- Recommendation -- When you participate in the traditional meal, please focus more upon the New Testament scenario than upon the Old Testament scenario

Recommended studies

- Focus on the symbols -- as you have done for decades
 - Foot-washing -- John 13:1-11 1.
 - Broken bread -- 1 Corinthians 11:23-24 2.
 - Wine -- 1 Corinthians 11:25-26
- Remember -- 1 Corinthians 5:7
 - Purge out old leaven 1.
 - behavior, before symbols -- Psalm 51
 - * behavior, after symbols -- Romans 6:1-2 Since you are truly unleavened * by the Passover 2.

Lamb

- * remove bread -- can be a helpful exercise * remove bread -- not Pharisaical obsession 3. Christ (our Passover) was sacrificed for us