MARRIAGE IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

6/2/18

- * Today, I have the opportunity to give two messages
- * This first message -- "Marriage in the Old Testament"

* CHOICE OF SPOUSE

Following is an excerpt from the "Family Encyclopedia of the Bible" on page 198: "The [Hebrew] people married very young. The legal ages for marriage were 13 and over for a boy, and 12 and over for a girl. It was probably because they were so young that marriages were arranged by parents, normally within the same clan in Old Testament times, and ideally with a first cousin. Marriage to some-one from another nation was forbidden. The law also forbade marriage between close relatives (Leviticus 18:6)."

Gen. 21:21 Hagar	chose a wife for her son (Ishmael) from the land	
Con 24.1 4	of Egypt	
Gen. 24:1-4	Abraham sent his servant to find a wife for Isaac	
5	the servant asked if the woman refuses, should	
I send Isaac to look for a wife?		
6	Abraham said no, do not take my son there	
8	Abraham said if the woman refuses, you do not	
	have to keep this promise; but do not take	
	my son there	
58 they	asked Rebekah if she consented	
Gen. 26:34-35	Esau chose two wives these choices brought	
	grief to Isaac and Rebekah	
Gen. 28:1-2	Isaac gave instructions to Jacob do not marry	
any of these Canaanite women choose a wife from one of the daughters		
of your Uncle Laban		
Gen. 38:6	Judah chose a wife for his firstborn Er	
Josh. 15:16	Caleb offered his daughter Achsah as a wife to	

17 when Caleb's nephew (Othniel) won the battle,
Caleb let him marry his daughter Achsah
Ruth 3:1-5 Naomi directed Ruth to visit Boaz

whomever won a battle

Another excerpt from the "Family Encyclopedia of the Bible" on page 198: "Arranged marriages did not always mean that the young people had no say. Shechem (Genesis 34:4) and Samson (Judges 14:2) both asked their parents to arrange a marriage with a particular girl. It was also possible to marry a slave or a war captive."

Gen. 34:4,8	Shechem asked his father Hamor to negotiate for
	his wife
Judges 14:2	Samson asked his parents to arrange a marriage
-	with the woman he saw

* EXCHANGE OF GIFTS

From the "Holman Bible Dictionary" on page 378: "A marriage present that ensured the new wife's financial security against the possi-bility her husband might forsake he or might die. The husband-to-be or his father paid the dowry or bride price to the bride's father to be kept for the bride. The bride could protest if her father used the dowry for other purposes (Gen. 31:15). In addition the bride received wedding gifts from her father and husband (Gen. 24:53; 34:12; Judges 1:15). The amount of the dowry depended on customs of the specific tribes or clans and upon the economic and social class of the parties involved (1 Sam. 18:23-27, a passage also showing that service could be substituted for money; compare Gen. 29:15-30; Josh. 15:16-17). Besides guaranteeing future finan-cial security, the dowry also compensated the bride and her family for the economic loss represented to her family by her leaving to join her husband's family.

. Payment of the dowry made the marriage a legal fact even before the official wedding ceremonies or consummation of the marriage."

* The dowry ("mohar") -- the marriage present from the groom to the family of the bride

Gen. 34:8	Hamor to Jacob my son Shechem wants to marry
	your daughter Dinah
11-12	Shechem said whatever you say, I will give
	whatever dowry and gift
Exod. 22:16-17	dowry of virgins
1 Sam. 18:23	David did not expect to marry the daughter of
	a king, because he was a poor man (and
	he could not pay a "mohar")
25	Saul asked for 100 foreskins of the Philistines
	instead of a dowry

* Substituting service for money

1 Sam. 18:25	100 foreskins
Gen. 29:18	Jacob offered to serve Laban 7 years for Rachel
Josh. 15:16-17	offered whomever won a battle
	* Wedding gifts

	3 3
Gen. 24:53	2nd half of verse the servant gave precious things
Gen. 24:59,61	to her brother and to her mother Rebekah's family sent servants with her her
Gen. 29:24	nurse her damsels
29:24 29	Laban gave Zilpah to his daughter Leah Laban gave Bilhah to his daughter Rachel
Exod. 21:7-11	guidelines for selling a daughter as a slave
Judges 1:15	Caleb gave Achsah 2 small ponds
1 Kings 9:16	Pharaoh gave his daughter the town of Gezer

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* The groom's gift to the bride

Gen. 24:22 the servant had a gold earring and 2 bracelets of gold for the woman

53 the servant brought jewels of silver, jewels of gold and raiment for Rebekah

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* PREPARATION OF THE GROOM

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* PREPARATION OF THE BRIDE

Ruth 3:3 special bath for the bride -- (also, Eph. 5:26)
Ezek. 23:40 bath -- prepared the eyes -- ornaments
Rev. 19:8 fine linen -- clean and white
Gen. 24:65 she took a veil -- to cover herself
Psalm 45:13-14 embroidered garments -- (with gold thread?)
8 covered with perfume
Isaiah 61:10 adorned with jewels -- (also Isaiah 49:18)

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PROCESSION -- first to bride's house -- then to groom's house

Smith's Bible Dictionary (Volume 3, page 1805): "When the fixed hour arrived, which was generally late in the evening, the bride-groom set forth from his house, attended by his groomsmen, preceded by a band of musicians and singers and accompanied by persons bearing flambeaux. Having reached the house of the bride, who with her maidens anxiously expected his arrival, he conducted the whole party back to his own or his father's house, with every demonstration of gladness. On their way back, they were joined by a party of maidens, friends of the bride and bridegroom, who were in wait-ing to catch the procession as it passed."

The Family Encyclopedia of the Bible (page 199): "This [the wedding] took place when the bridegroom had the new home ready. With his friends, he went to his bride's house in the evening. She was waiting, veiled and in her wedding dress. She wore jewellery which the bridegroom had given her. . . . The bridegroom, his 'best man' (called a 'companion') and his friends (called the sons of the bridechamber) then took the bride back to his own or his parents' home for a wedding

feast to which all their friends were invited. The friends waited at the roadside in their best clothes and went in torchlight procession to the new home, sometimes with music and dancing."

COMPANIONS OF THE BRIDE AND THE GROOM Psalm 45:14 companions of the bride Matt. 9:15 children of the bridechamber (companions of the groom) Matt. 25:1 10 virgins -- had their lamps ready to meet the groom the groom tarried -- the virgins went to sleep 6 the groom came to the bride's house at midnight 7-9 they needed lamps at night 10 they went to the marriage feast (at the groom's house) Psalm 45:14 the bride is brought to the groom -- (he leads her to his house) REFERENCES TO MIRTH AND GLADNESS Jer. 7:34 Lord -- I will cause the voice of mirth & the voice of gladness to cease in the streets of Jerusalem -- I will cause the voice of the groom & the voice of the bride to cease Jer. 16:9 Lord -- I will cause the voice of mirth & the voice of gladness to cease from this place -- I will cause the voice of the groom & the voice of the bride to cease Jer. 25:10 Lord -- I will take from them the voice of mirth & the voice of gladness -- I will take the voice of the groom & the voice of the bride -- the light of candles Rev. 18:23 the light of the candle shall not shine on you anymore -- the voice of the groom & the voice of the bride shall not be heard in you anymore THE MARRIAGE FEAST -- at groom's house John 2:8-9 the governor of the feast -- (is this the friend of the groom mentioned in John 3:29?) John 3:29 the friend of the groom (who stands and hears) rejoices greatly Matt. 22:1-10 marriage of the king's son invitations to the wedding -- many would not come 3 tell them -- I have prepared a big dinner 5-7 many would not come

invited many more

no wedding garment

8-10

11-13